

the Plankton, Aerosol, Cloud, ocean Ecosystem (PACE) mission



welcome & update

NASA Plankton, Aerosol, Cloud, ocean Ecosystem (PACE) mission

Primary hyperspectral radiometer:

• Ocean Color Instrument (OCI) (GSFC)

2 contributed multi-angle polarimeters:

- HARP2 (UMBC)
- SPEXone (SRON/Airbus)

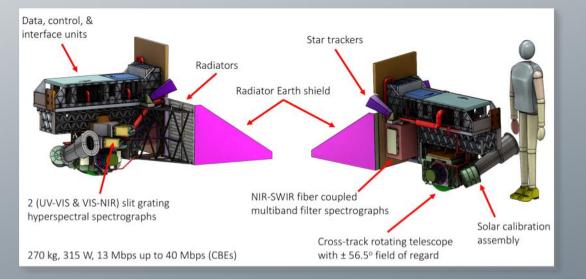
Key characteristics:

- Winter 2022 launch
- 676.5 km altitude
- Polar, ascending, Sun synchronous orbit; 98° inclination
- 13:00 local Equatorial crossing
- 3-yr design life; 10-yr propellant



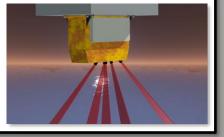


- hyperspectral scanning radiometer
- 340 890 nm, 5 nm resolution, 2.5 nm steps
- plus, 940, 1038, 1250, 1378, 1615, 2130, and 2250 nm
- 1 2 day global coverage
- ground pixel size of 1 km² at nadir
- $\pm 20^{\circ}$ fore/aft tilt to avoid Sun glint
- twice monthly lunar calibration
- daily on-board solar calibration
- built at NASA Goddard Space Flight Center



UMBC Hyper Angular Rainbow Polarimeter (HARP-2) HARP Imaging Polarimeter • 6 inches long • 1.7 Kg

SRON Spectropolarimeter for Planetary Exploration (SPEXone)

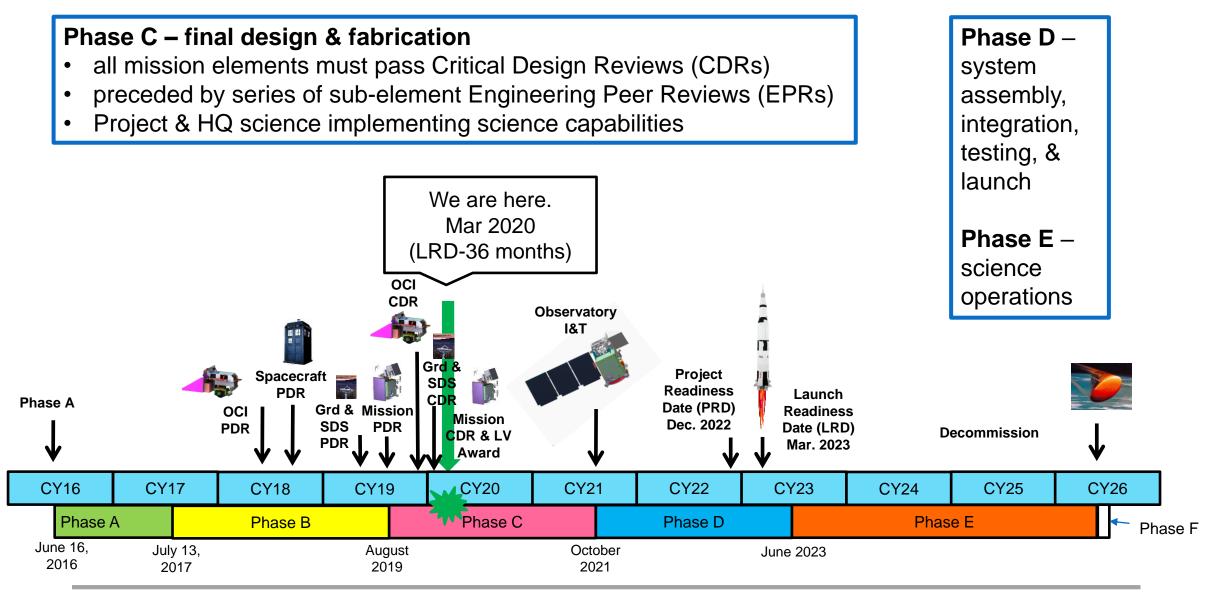


PACE polarimeters *NOT* in 2017 Decadal Survey Program of Record

	HARP-2	SPEXone
UV-NIR range	440, 550, 670, 870 nm	Continuous from 385-770 nm in 5 nm steps
SWIR range	None	None
Polarized bands	All	Continuous from 385-770 nm in 15-45 nm steps
Number of viewing angles [degrees]	10 for 440, 550, 870 nm; 60 for 670 nm [spaced over 114°]	5 [-57°, -20°, 0°, 20°, 57°]
Swath width	±47º [1556 km at nadir]	±4.5° [106 km at nadir]
Global coverage	2 days	30+ days
Ground pixel	3 km	2.5 km
Heritage	AirHARP, Cubesat	AirSPEX





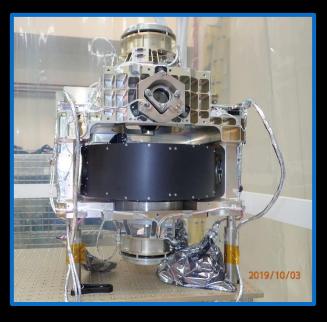


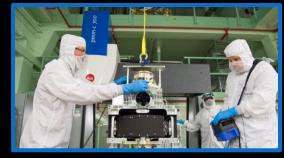
PACE milestones over the last 2 years

- KDP-B (gate review to Phase B) (13 Jul 2017)
- OCI PDR (1-4 May 2018)
- SPEXone PDR (26 Jun 2018)
- HARP2 PDR (8 Aug 2018)
- Spacecraft PDR (17-20 Sep 2018)
- SPEXone CDR (7 Feb 2019)
- Ground System PDR (19-20 Mar 2019)
- HARP2 CDR (25 Apr 2019)
- mission PDR (11-14 Jun 2019)
- KDP-C (gate review to Phase C) (15 Aug 2019)
- OCI CDR (9-12 Dec 2019)
- Launch vehicle selected (5 Feb 2020)
- Ground System CDR (6-7 Feb 2020)
- mission + spacecraft CDR (24-28 Feb 2020)

OCI ETU testing Jan-Mar 2020

- Jan system timing, sync, optimization
- Feb end-to-end evaluation, light in to DN out
- Feb thermal vac begins
- Mar full pre-launch cal program evaluation
- Mar SWIR detector assembly ETU arrives



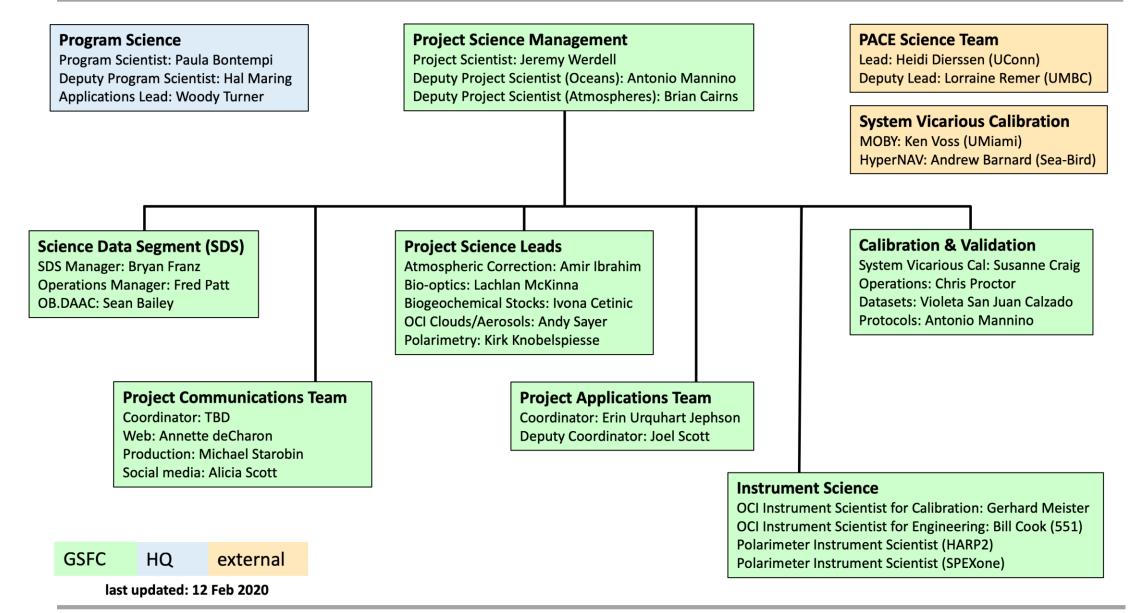


Acronyms: PDR = Preliminary Design Review CDR = Critical Design Review KDP = Key Decision Point ETU = engineering test unit



PACE science organization

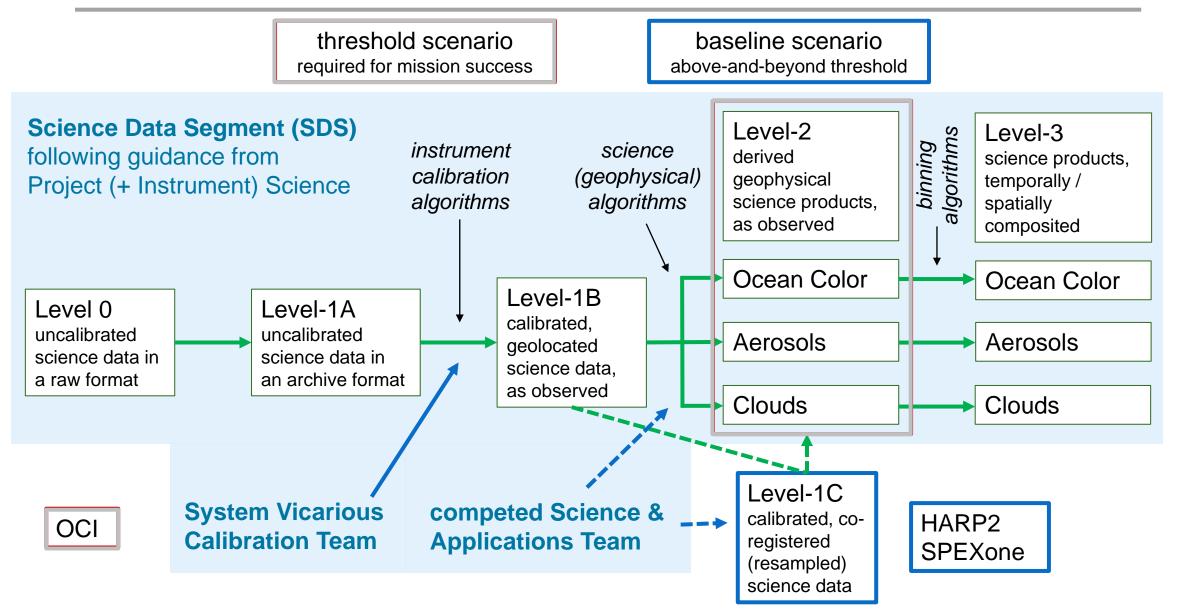






science data product requirements, levels, & production









Required products with uncertainty requirements

Water-leaving reflectances centered on 350, 360, 385, 412, 425, 443, 460, 475, 490, 510, 532, 555, and 583, 617, 640, 655, 710 (15 nm bandwidth) & 665, 678 nm (10 nm bandwidth)

Total aerosol optical depth at 380, 440, 500, 550 and 675 nm

Fraction of AOD(550) from fine mode aerosols over oceans

Cloud layer detection for optical depth > 0.3

Cloud top pressure of opaque (optical depth > 3) clouds

Optical thickness of liquid clouds

Optical thickness of ice clouds

Effective radius of liquid clouds

Effective radius of ice clouds

these are required for mission success & drive OCI design

Additional required products to be generated

Chlorophyll concentration

Spectral diffuse attenuation coefficients

Spectral absorption coefficients (phytoplankton, CDOM+NAP)

Spectral backscattering coefficients

Fluorescence line height

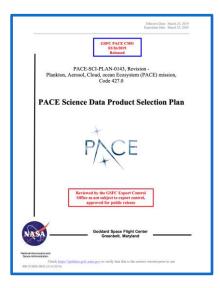
Water path of liquid, ice clouds

Shortwave radiative effect

other science data products to be generated (e.g., evaluation products)

Project has plan for production of all required data products, based on MODIS & VIIRS

SAT to develop: (1) advanced or updated algorithms for existing products; (2) methods for novel data products There is a difference between data products required for mission success & the complete list of data products that the mission will produce







- Mission requirement on science products from the two polarimeters is limited to Level-1C only (calibrated/geolocated/co-registered radiometery and polarimetry).
 - Long ongoing conversation(s) on a common Level-1C format / grid
- Science goal is to produce aerosol and cloud products from the polarimeters, and to support atmospheric correction for ocean color retrievals.
 - SRON has delivered & SDS is testing Level-2 software for aerosol retrievals from SPEX
 - SDS/Project Science is developing / testing a Level-2 ocean/atmosphere retrieval algorithm for SPEX/HARP
 - Expectation is that the SAT will develop retrieval algorithms



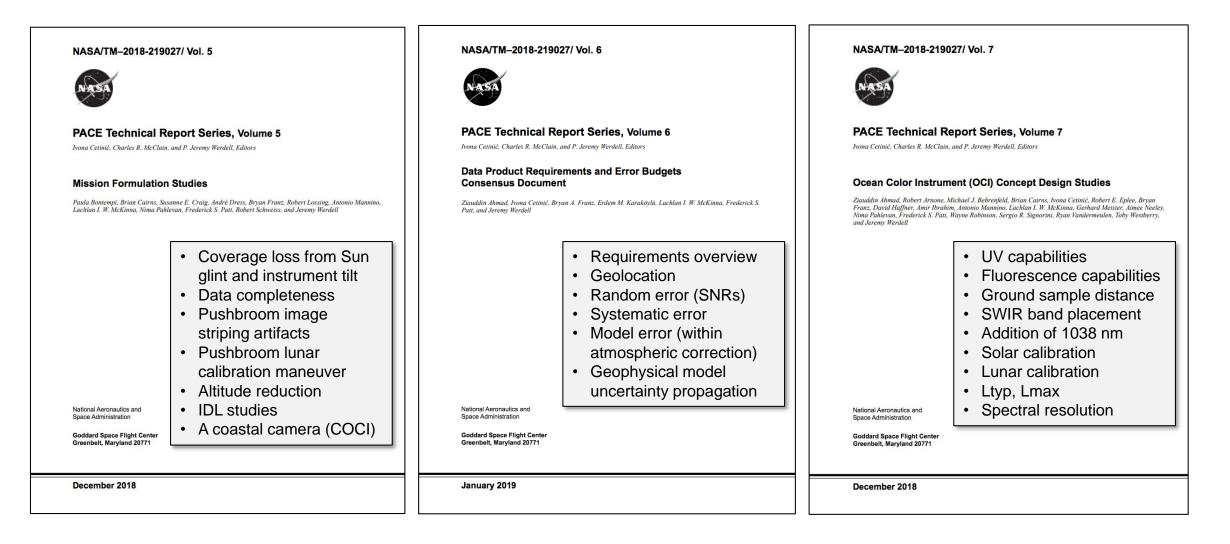


upcoming deliverables

End of	ATBDs	Validation
Jan		Evaluation of existing SeaBASS resultsReport on each data product at Tue meeting
Feb	Review of existing online materialReport on each data product at Tue meeting	 Removal of bad data from SeaBASS Data no longer in online system New data & sources identified Report on each data product at Tue meeting
Mar	Plan for updates / creationReport on each data product at Tue meeting	Draft Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs)Document
Apr		
Мау		New data drop #1Data delivery to validation system
Jun		
Jul		SOPs fully implementedDemonstration at Tue meeting
Aug	Mid-year status updateDraft material accumulating online	Review of resultsDemonstration at Tue meeting







https://pace.oceansciences.org/documents.htm?id=memo





- (continue to) routinely engage with systems teams (through CPT, I&T, beyond), as well as conduct regular requirements verification & performance assessments
- (continue to) routinely engage with SDS & competed science team as appropriate on algorithm implementation & performance assessments
- execute a full dress rehearsal for vicarious calibration & science data product validation beginning at least *launch - 1 year* using OLCI, VIIRS, &/or simulated data
- engage with the system vicarious calibration team & SAT
- foster the PACE Applications Program, including identification of Early Adopters





ROSES 2018 A.48 (amendment 22 Feb 2019); Selection 18 July 2019; Start 1 Apr 2020

Implementation of MarONet for support of PACE Vicarious Calibration

- Ken Voss (University of Miami)
- Partners:
 - Curtin University
 - SJSU Moss Landing Marine Lab
 - NIST

A new paradigm for ocean color satellite calibration and validation: highly accurate, low uncertainty, hyperspectral radiometric measurements from autonomous platforms (HYPERNAV)

Andrew Barnard (SeaBird Electronics)

2020

today

- Partners:
 - UCSD Scripps Institute of Oceanography
 - University of Maine
 - Hellenic Centre for Marine Research (HCMR)

down-select

2021

one-year test

deployment,

mistakes, etc.



site & system characterization

one-year dress rehearsal +

launch

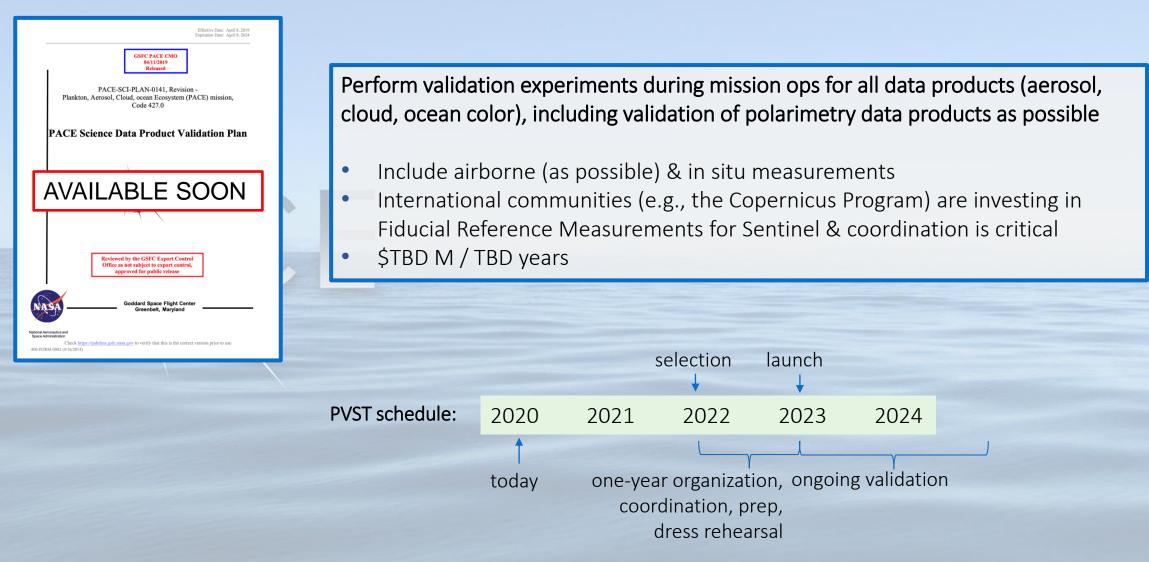
2023

2022





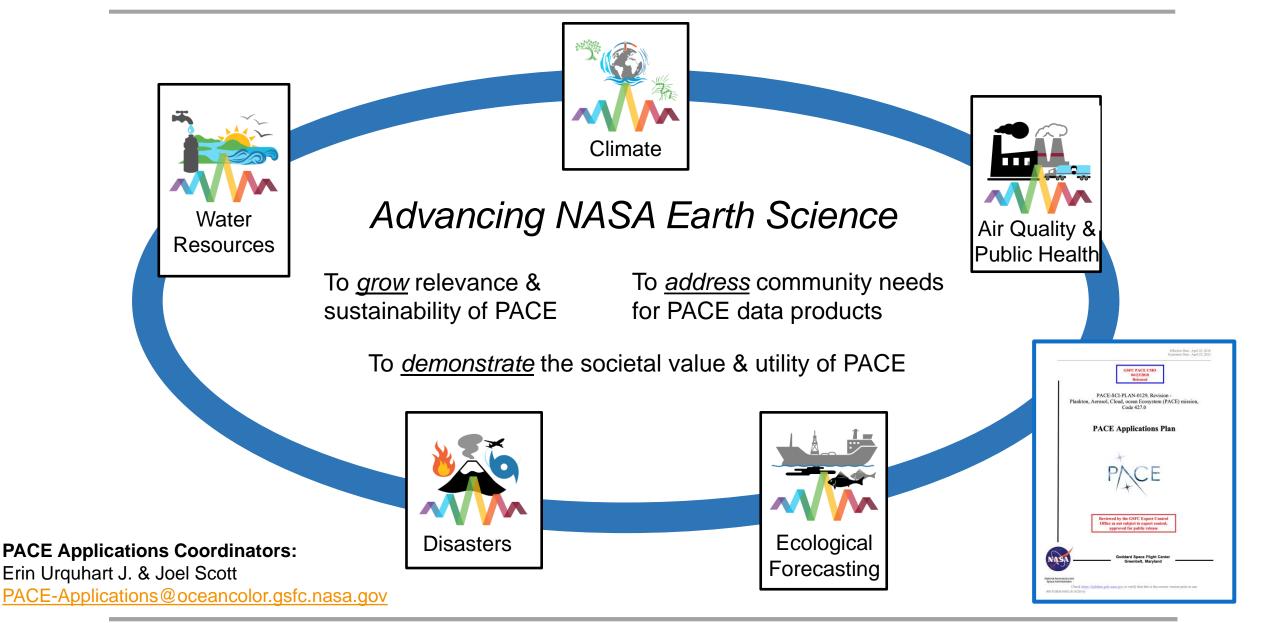
ROSES 2021 [TBD]





PACE Applications Program (Dec 2019-present)





community engagement:

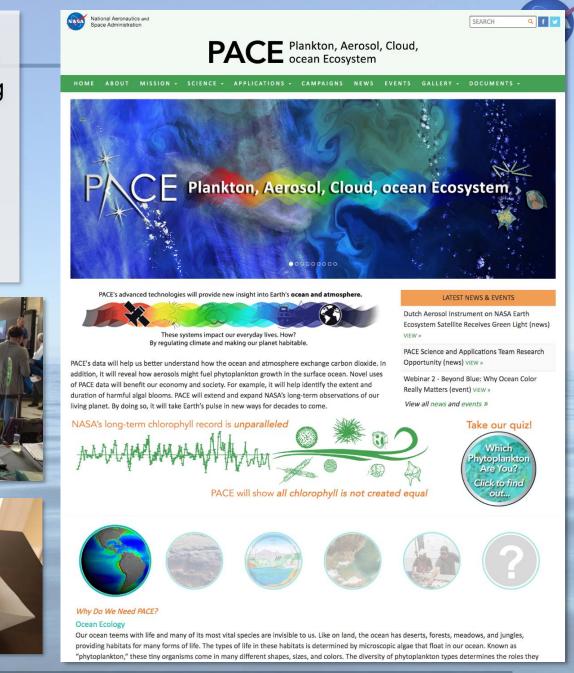
mission paper in Bulletin of American Meteorological Society special issues in Frontiers in Earth Science, Remote Sensing town halls at professional society meetings booths at Union Station Earth Day, UMD Science Week, ... webinars

hyperwall events, GSFC visitor presentations interviews, media events interactive online material



online & social media presence: https://pace.gsfc.nasa.gov @NASAOcean (Twitter) @NASAOcean (Facebook)









Add to & improve upon the dynamic range of science data products & their basic research & applied sciences uses. This includes the development of algorithms & also encompasses:

- identification and demonstration of end-user research and applied sciences applications
- explicit strategy development for pre- and post-launch science data product validation
- identification of gaps and prioritization of science data product development / implementation
- derivation and propagation of system-level uncertainties

In addition:

- spread news & updates on the mission & communicate results with the public, as possible
- participate routinely in telecons, as organized by the Team Leads
- complete an information sheet (due 6 Mar 2020)
- publish final reports in a NASA Technical Memo
- collaborate with Project Science & SDS on the implementation (including delivery of prototype software) & performance evaluation of approaches, as appropriate
- periodically interact with potential end-users of PACE science data products (e.g., Early Adopters), review outreach material, prepare online content, etc.

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